CSc 110 Midterm 2 Sample Exam #2

1. List Mystery

Consider the following function:

Indicate in the right-hand column what values would be stored in the list after the function list_mystery executes if the integer list in the left-hand column is passed as a parameter to it.

Original Contents of List	Final Contents of List
a1 = [42] list_mystery(a1)	
a2 = [1, 8, 3, 6] list_mystery(a2)	
a3 = [5, 5, 5, 5, 5] list_mystery(a3)	
a4 = [10, 7, 9, 6, 8, 5] list_mystery(a4)	
a5 = [1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0] list_mystery(a5)	

2. While Loop Mystery

For each call of the method below, write the value that is returned:

```
def mystery(i, j):
    k = 0
    while i > j:
        i = i - j
        k = k + (i - 1)
    return k
<u>Function Call</u> Value Returned
mystery(2, 9)
mystery(5, 1)
mystery(38, 5)
mystery(5, 5)
mystery(40, 10)
```

3. Assertions

For the following function, identify each of the three assertions in the table below as being either ALWAYS true, NEVER true or SOMETIMES true / sometimes false at each labeled point in the code. You may abbreviate these choices as A/N/S respectively.

Point E return n

	x > 2	x < n	n % x == 0
Point A			
Point B			
Point C			
Point D			
Point E			

4. File Processing

Write a function named find_first_match that accepts as its parameters an input file name and a list of String *keywords* representing a list of keywords in a search. Your function will read lines from the input file and should return the line number of the first line in the file that contains one or more words from *keywords*. If none of the keywords are found in the file, your function should return a -1. The search should be case-insensitive, so if a keyword was "banana", the line "yummy baNAna split" would be considered a line that contains the keyword. Your function should also match **whole words** only, so if the only keyword in the list was "ball", the line "football game" would *not* be considered a match.

For example, consider the following input file saved in sidewalk.txt, consisting of 6 lines:

Let us leave this place where the smoke blows black And the dark street winds and bends. Past the pits where the asphalt flowers grow We shall walk with a walk that is measured and slow, And watch where the chalk-white arrows go To the place where the sidewalk ends.

The following table shows some calls to your function and their expected results.

List	Call / Returned Value
<pre>k1 = ["place", "winds"]</pre>	<pre>find_first_match("sidewalk.txt", k1) returns 1</pre>
k2 = ["dinosaur", "PITS", "pots"]	<pre>find_first_match("sidewalk.txt", k2) returns 3</pre>
k3 = ["chalk", "row", "g", "ends"]	<pre>find_first_match("sidewalk.txt", k3) returns -1</pre>
k4 = ["to"]	<pre>find_first_match("sidewalk.txt", k4) returns 6</pre>

You may assume that none of the words in the *keywords* list contain spaces, i.e. all keywords are single whole words, and the list contains at least one element. Do not modify the elements of the *keywords* list.

5. Programming

Write a function called report_blank_lines that takes a string representing a file name as a parameter and that prints out the line numbers of any blank lines and the total number of blank lines in the file. For example, given the following input file:

Remember that a file can have blank lines like the one below: A blank line: is read as a String of length 1 by readlines

Your function should print the following output:

line 4 is blank line 6 is blank line 9 is blank total blank lines = 3

Notice that each blank line produces a line of output and that there is a final line of output reporting the total number of blank lines. Also notice that lines are numbered starting with 1 (first line is line 1, second line is line 2, and so on). You are to exactly reproduce the format of this output.

6. Programming

Write a function coin_flip that accepts as its parameter an input file name. Assume that the input file data represents results of sets of coin flips that are either heads (H) or tails (T) in either upper or lower case, separated by at least one space. Your function should consider each line to be a separate set of coin flips and should output to the console the number of heads and the percentage of heads in that line, rounded to the nearest tenth. If this percentage is more than 50%, you should print a "You win" message. For example, consider the following input file:

HTHHT Tt tTh H h

For the input above, your function should produce the following output:

```
3 heads (60.0%)
You win!
2 heads (33.3%)
1 heads (100.0%)
You win!
```

The format of your output must exactly match that shown above. You may assume that input file contains at least 1 line of input, that each line contains at least one token, and that no tokens other than h, H, t, or T will be in the lines.

Solutions

1.	List Mystery Call Final Contents of List		
	al = [42] list_mystery(al)	[42]	
	a2 = [1, 8, 3, 6] list_mystery(a2)	[1, 8, 4, 6]	
	a3 = [5, 5, 5, 5, 5] list_mystery(a3)	[5, 6, 5, 6, 5]	
	a4 = [10, 7, 9, 6, 8, 5] list_mystery(a4)	[10, 8, 10, 7, 9, 5]	
	a5 = [1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0] list_mystery(a5)	[1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 2, 0]	

2. While Loop Mystery

Function Call	Value Returned
mystery(2, 9)	0
mystery(5, 1)	6
mystery(38, 5)	119
mystery(5, 5)	0
mystery(40, 10)	57

3. Assertion

Assertion			
x > 2	x < n	n % x == 0	
NEVER	SOMETIMES	SOMETIMES	
SOMETIMES	ALWAYS	SOMETIMES	
NEVER	SOMETIMES	SOMETIMES	
ALWAYS	SOMETIMES	SOMETIMES	
SOMETIMES	NEVER	SOMETIMES	
	NEVER SOMETIMES NEVER ALWAYS	NEVERSOMETIMESSOMETIMESALWAYSNEVERSOMETIMESALWAYSSOMETIMES	

4. File Processing

5. Programming

```
def report_blank_lines(file_name):
    file = open(file_name);
    lines = file.readlines()
    count = 0
    for i in range(len(lines)):
        text = lines[i]
        if len(text) == 1:
            print("line", i, "is blank")
            count += 1
    print("total blank lines =", count)
```

6. Programming